The bottle that breathes

1 Overall aims:

- Recognize air as an element;
- Interiorize the importance of air;
- Make observations and predictions;
- Make and taste hypotheses
- Verbalize concepts and ideas;
- Understanding how the breathing process works.

2 Vocabulary - keywords

Air, Breathing, Play-based learning.

3 Sustainable abilities developed

Systematic thinking Anticipatory competency Critical thinking competency

4 Pillars of sustainability included

Environmental sustainability

5 STEAM domains

Science, Art

6 Teaching methodologies/activity outline

Before the activity:

Teacher explains to pupils that people need to breathe, and so do lots of other animals—and plants. Breathing is part of a process called respiration. During respiration, a living thing takes in oxygen from the air and gives out carbon dioxide. This process gives animals and plants the energy to eat, grow, and live life.



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The activity:

Take an empty plastic bottle and squeeze the second half of it with hands, then introduce a deflated balloon inside and attach it to the mouthpiece of the bottle.

Release the bottle by not squeezing it anymore; thus, it resumes its original form and the balloon inflates. This is what happens to our lungs during inspiration: the rib cage expands and the lung swells with air.

Every time we squeeze the bottle, the balloon deflates: that's what happens to our lungs during exhalation: the rib cage contracts and the lung empties, emitting the air

7 Expected learning outcomes

The child will be able to

- Follow instructions;
- Develop the senses;
- Act like a little scientist;
- Explain the process of breathing.

8 Assessment

- Initial evaluation: ask children what they already know about air;
- **Formative evaluation:** develop and use an observational template to assess the engagement of children during the activities;
- **Final evaluation:** ask children to explain what they have understood about air (with the aid of paintings and collages).
- **9** Equipment and materials to be used in learning unit (tools, ingredients etc)

Empty plastic water (possibly a recycled one)

10 Kind of setting - lab, kitchen, outdoor etc.

Indoor

11 References - source:

http://www.didatticaduepuntozero.it/wpd20/wpcontent/uploads/2018/02/Aria.pdf

